

THE HOME OF
THE
PROFESSIONAL PHOTOGRAPHERS
FRANCIS WU'S STUDIO
GLOUCESTER ARCADE
Developing—Printing—Enlarging—Colouring

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR OVER ONE HUNDRED YEARS

No. 33529.

HONG KONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1946.

Price: 20 Cents.

ATTLEE CHIDES HIS M.P.S.

London, Nov. 28. Prime Minister Attlee is understood to have warned a meeting of the Parliamentary Labour party today of the dangers of mass abstentions from voting with the Government such as characterised the revolt of 100 Labour members on foreign policy in Parliament last week.

The meeting was reminded of the collapse of the Neville-Chamberlain Government. As was expected, a section of the members sponsored the demand to reintroduce the suspended standing orders of the Party which formerly gave the power to discipline members, even to the extent of expulsion for serious breaches of the rules.

This suggestion was eventually withdrawn and a proposal for the continuation of the suspension of standing orders was carried unanimously.

Political quarters interpret the result as reflecting the keen desire of the Government to continue to leave members unregimented.

The idea to suspend the standing orders has all along been strongly championed by the Lord President of the Council, Mr. Herbert Morrison, who is the leader of the House. Mr. Morrison has consistently expressed the view that the party with 400 members out of the Parliamentary total of 640 should show a healthy quality by permitting its supporters the maximum freedom of thought and action.

Today's meeting, which was private, was attended by a considerable number of Cabinet Ministers and a conciliatory note which seems to have been struck all round suggests that the domestic crisis in the party has passed.—Reuter.

Two Versions

London, Nov. 29. Accounts of what went on at the meeting differed.

Some who were there said Attlee "astonished everyone by the ferocity of his attack" upon the rebels who led the revolt. Others said he and Deputy Prime Minister Morrison were "like tolerant fathers welcoming the return of prodigal sons."

The second version seemed more likely since the meeting refused with only two dissenting votes to tighten party control over the members votes.

All sources agreed that Attlee and others chided and forgave. They agreed also that Attlee said Bevin's position abroad could only have been harmed by

U. S. UNEMPLOYMENT RISING Mine Operators Willing To Discuss Terms

No Move Yet By John L. Lewis

Washington, Nov. 29. A spokesman for the mine operators expressed willingness today to discuss a shorter work week with John L. Lewis but Lewis gave no sign of calling off the nationwide coal strike and the Government prepared to push its contempt of court case against him.

As the second week of the economy-wrecking walkout of 400,000 bituminous miners began, Edward P. Burke, President of the Southern Coal Producers Association, said the owners would be "very happy" to negotiate a contract with the mine union boss.

Murder Attempt Denied

New York, Nov. 29. The United States has formally denied the Soviet Ukraine charges of premeditated political attempt upon the lives of two Ukrainian delegates to the United Nations, firmly insisting that they were not "waylaid," but, rather, were victims of a robbery

getaway.

Secretary of State Byrnes wrote to Foreign Minister Manuilsky of the Soviet Ukraine, expressing the United States Government's "sincere regret" that delegate Gregory Stadnik was shot and wounded on November 21 by gunmen fleeing from a delicatessen store robbery.

But Byrnes made it plain that his Government rejected Manuilsky's allegations that the shooting was premeditated. He asserted that Stadnik and his companion delegate Alexis Volin would have been killed "easily" if the shooting had been a deliberate attempt on their lives.

The police said the bullet was fired by one of two still unidentified men who had just held up the store's clerk and two customers.—Associated Press.

The revolt which stemmed from an amendment calling on the Government to adopt "an independent Socialist" foreign policy tied neither to the United States or Russia.—Associated Press.

Chinese Communists Besiege Tatung

Peking, Nov. 29.

Strong Communist forces are besieging Tatung, vital coal-mining and railroad centre in Northern Shensi, for the second time in less than three months.

The Reds, who failed to capture the ancient walled city after 45 days of almost continuous attacks last summer; again pushed into Tatung's suburbs.

Government military authorities expressed deep concern whether the beleaguered city could hold out a second time and said that the Communists this time had thrown in much stronger forces than before.

The Communists' main drive is toward the city's walls from west to east, but another push is swiftly developing from the south. The Reds launched their first attack against Tatung on Aug. 8, shelled the city for days and fought right to the city's high walls, but failed to scale them.

In southern Shensi, Communists are reported crossing Yellow River into Shensi, apparently driving toward Yenan. The Reds claim that the Nationalists have started an offensive against their headquarters and have evacuated the walled city. Yenan is about 90 miles west of the Yellow River. The Communists continued their attacks against both the Peiping-Tientsin and Tien-tsin-

HEIGHT OF IMPUDENCE?

Jerusalem, Nov. 28.

The Jewish Agency spokesman disclosed today that the Jewish National Council had lodged claims for compensation totalling \$95,000 with British Military Headquarters in Palestine.

The claims were in respect of damage alleged to have been done by British troops during searches for terrorists and hidden arms in the Jewish city of Tel Aviv and a number of Jewish communal settlements in various parts of Palestine since June 29 this year, the spokesman added.—Reuter.

Training Of The Army

London, Nov. 28.

Prime Minister Attlee told the House of Commons today that the great bulk of training of British forces must continue to take place in Britain and not in the Dominions or elsewhere overseas.

The automobile industry closed down for a long Thanksgiving holiday, with 150,000 idle until Monday.

If the mines are closed for a long period, there will be a waste of time and an immense amount of transport involved, would be prohibitive quite apart from the necessity of having training grounds available in this country, in any case, for men called up for National Service for auxiliary services.

Even if suitable areas overseas were readily available, the expense, waste of time and immense amount of transport involved, would be prohibitive quite apart from the necessity of having training grounds available in this country, in any case, for men called up for National Service for auxiliary services.

He was replying to suggestions that part of the training should take place in Canada or elsewhere in view of the fact that the training grounds which Service Ministers proposed to retain in Britain often included beauty spots and valuable agricultural land.—Reuter.

Talks Continue

Washington, Nov. 28.

Secret talk between Mr. John L. Lewis, President of the United Mineworkers Union, and coal owners were continuing today as Americans celebrated Thanksgiving Day, which commemorates the first successful harvest of the original settlers in America.

The legal fight in the Federal court is expected to drag on for several days, but a verdict is unlikely to provide a solution of the itself.

In his talks with owners, Mr. Lewis was stated to have reduced his demands from 54 hours' pay for 40 hours' work to 54 hours' pay for 45 hours' work, and it is this kind of concession that may make an out-of-court settlement possible.—Reuter.

QUIET MARKET IN GEMS

Johannesburg, Nov. 28.

The present quiet period in the gem market here is likely to continue indefinitely, according to the "Diamond News."

Demand for polished stones is chiefly restricted to those of one carat, while there are still few buyers for Cape and spotted stones.

Sights continue to be held monthly with assortment remaining much the same.—Reuter.

A Government Gazette Extraordinary issued yesterday gives full effect to the new duties on liquor and tobacco as from 9 a.m. on Thursday last.

ON OTHER PAGES

Page Two: Lisbon Maru; Master Gets Sentence of 7 Years.

Page Three: Jury: Unusual Rider Surprised; Judge.

Page Four: London Sees German Naval Secrets.

Page Five: Molotov Wants Arms Control.

Page Six: Prof. Leask's Troublesome and Tiresome Person.

Page Seven: Japs Coming Back to the Markets.

Page Eight: Home & Local Sports News, etc.

Library, Supreme Court

We Buy and Sell
TYPEWRITERS
CALCULATING MACHINES
also Anything and Everything
for OFFICE MACHINES
Excellent Service

Hongkong Typewriter Exchange
9, D'Aguilar St. Tel. 21433

Price: 20 Cents.

Cabinet Crisis In France

Paris, Nov. 28.

France was tonight in the throes of a Governmental crisis with the resignation of the three-party coalition Cabinet led by Premier Georges Bidault, the head of Mouvement Républicain (the Progressive Catholics).

This became effective this afternoon after Marcel Cachin, 77-year-old Communist, the oldest deputy in the New Assembly and therefore its acting President, had read the Premier's letter of resignation in the House.

M. Bidault's Cabinet will continue to act as a "caretaker" government, but no important decisions on Cabinet level will be taken until a new Government is formed.

Political observers consider there is no chance of this happening before the end of next week. It will more probably be even later—after the election of France's second Chamber on Sunday next December 8.

The Communist press announced today that Maurice Thorez, the leader of the party, was "candidate for the post of Premier in the new Government." Earlier, the Communist party said it would refuse to back the caretaker government under M. Bidault.

The Assembly is due to elect a new Premier early next week, possibly on Tuesday, after choosing a Speaker of the Assembly. Socialist Vincent Auriol, who has been the Speaker in two successive Assemblies since last January, is again expected to be chosen for this post.

Tense Silence

A crowded chamber listened in tense silence to M. Cachin's speech which was interpreted in the lobbies as setting out the prosecution in all cases.

The Prime Minister, M. Camille Huissmans, reported: "The Government will not waver."

Quoting a pre-war precedent for the action, the Premier said the Government would introduce the war damage budget to the Senate again.

The leader of the Opposition in the Senate, M. Paul Struye, declared: "If the Government maintains its attitude the Social Christian party will refuse to associate itself with such a distorted functioning of Parliament and will leave the Chamber."

Earlier, three members of the Social Christian party walked out of the Senate and the president proceeded to call the roll to establish whether a quorum remained.

Lacking one Senator for a quorum, the president closed the session of the Senate, thus putting a formal seal on the governmental and Parliamentary deadlock.—Reuter.

Air Mail To Manila

The Postmaster-General announces that an air mail service has now been established between Hong Kong and Manila, the rate being 60 cents per half ounce.

The services to Manila will start next week, the first departure being made on Monday by C.N.A.C.

Mails will close at the G.P.O. at 10 a.m. for ordinary, and 9.30 a.m. for registered covers.

For the sale of four oranges at \$2.00, the controlled price being 40 cents each, Yip Kok-lung, of the Leung Kee Stall, was fined \$750 for selling six tins of Ovaltine at \$60.30. The controlled price was \$3.60 per tin.

Mr. D'Almada remarked that there was no excuse for a wholesale dealer to sell above the controlled price, especially where foodstuffs were concerned.

Chun Chi Sing, of the Tai Shan store, No. 142, Bonham Strand West, was fined \$250 for selling a tin of Bournville chocolate at \$1.50, the controlled price being \$1.30.

Yam Kai-wah, of the Luen Wah Company, Queen's Road Central, was fined \$200 for the sale of a medium size tub of Kolyana tooth paste at \$2.50, 50 cents in excess of the official price.

Bin Shu-wing, of the Wing Loong Company, No. 334, Hennessy Road, was fined \$150 for the sale of a tin of Gibbs dentifrice for 70 cents, the controlled price being 55 cents.

For the sale of four oranges at \$2.00, the controlled price being 40 cents each, Yip Kok-lung, of the Leung Kee Stall, was fined \$750 for the sale of an apple and orange for 70 cents each, when the controlled price was 45 and 40 cents respectively.

The first of the post-war air mail services linking Hong Kong and Manila is being carried by C.N.A.C. but it is intended to extend the services to other lines in due course.

Details of further despatches will be published in the daily mail notice.

Britons Planned Munich Beer Hall Explosion?

New York, Nov. 29. The Munich beer hall explosion in 1939, which narrowly missed killing Adolf Hitler, was planned in the German underground before the war and financed by a group of British editors and business men who had banded together originally to oppose the Chamberlain "appeasement" policy, Werner Knop, newspaperman who says he headed the deal, writes in the "Saturday Evening Post."

Knop, a naturalized British citizen born in Germany who had worked in France and Belgium as well as for several British papers, says that in May 1939, he was director of Union Time, Inc., the organization formed to campaign for a strong policy toward Germany under the guise of a press agency; that a Mrs. Olday, alias Hilda Monte, member of a German Socialist group, was sent to him by G. R. Strauss, one of Union Time's sponsors and now Parliamentary Secretary to the British Minister of Transport.

The woman, who finally killed herself when captured by the Germans after passing back and forth through their lines for some time, was the "some person" mentioned in the story.

Other plans having failed because of Hitler's constantly changing routine after the war started,

NO COMMENTS

Madrid, Nov. 29.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman said he had no comment to make on the charge by a London official of the Spanish Republic government—imperialist that enemies of the Franco regime were being subjected to a new wave of persecution. The spokesman said that similar charges had been denied previously.—Associated Press.

Deal Made

Although not believing in assassination as an instrument of international policy, the question before the group boiled down to whether Hitler's death would avoid war. The deal was made, but the German group was required to prove its ability through other scheduled acts of sabotage before money passed. It finally went to a man whom Knop does not name.

Other plans having failed because of Hitler's constantly changing routine after the war started,

the anniversary celebration of the Munich beer hall patch was selected. A member of the German group secured employment at the beer hall as a handy man, planted explosives in a pillar in the middle of Hitler's speech and fled to Italy. Hitler emerged them up through fear of a British raid and spoke early and left six minutes before the explosion.—Associated Press.

Light Bulb

For selling an electric light bulb at \$3.00, while the controlled price was \$1.25, Leg Tong of the Evening Electrical Company, No. 146, Gloucester Road, was fined \$25.

Ho Kwong-hei, of the Wing

Shing Company, No. 118, Con-

tinental

road,

was

convicted

for

the

sale

of

light

bulbs

at

the

controlled

price

of

\$1.25

for

the

sale

Jury's Unusual Rider Surprises Judge

SS. "China Victory" Due On Dec. 15

The United States Lines Co., general agents for the Pacific Far East Line, announced that their s.s. "China Victory" will arrive in Hong Kong on Dec. 15, and will sail from Hong Kong directly to San Francisco on Dec. 16.

This is the first trip to China for the "China Victory" which was named in honour of the Republic of China. The vessel was built by the California Ship Building Corporation in Los Angeles, and was launched two years ago, being christened by the wife of one of the leading Chinese on the Pacific coast. The steamer is 10,734 tons dead weight and displaces 15,200 tons. It is powered with steam turbines and has a cruising speed of 18 knots. The "China Victory" is 439 feet long and 62 feet in breadth. It is an ideal cargo carrier and has special tanks for bulk wood oil.

The "China Victory" will arrive in San Francisco well in advance of Chinese New Year, and is booking a considerable amount of Chinese merchandise for the Pacific Coast. It is expected that the vessel will be one of many of the regular runs between the American Pacific Coast and the China Coast.

To accommodate many shippers, it has been arranged to have the "China Victory" call at Hainanfu en route to San Francisco, enabling many Chinese in the Hawaian Island to enjoy Chinese foodstuffs during the celebration of Chinese New Year.

ARAB LEAGUE WARNING

Cairo, Nov. 29. The continuation of Jewish immigration into Palestine "will cause trouble in the Middle East" and may effect the London-Palestine conference due to be resumed on December 16, the Arab League said yesterday.

In a statement issued after a three hour session, the League said:

"The seven Arab states protest against the continuation of Jewish immigration to Palestine and against the lack of firmness in the British Government's attitude concerning immigration and they foresee that if the immigration continues, that will cause trouble in the Middle East." — Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 29. UNRRA Director General F. H. LeGardiner has allocated funds for child relief out of a \$2,250,000 cash total received through the emergency food drive led by former Commerce Secretary Henry A. Wallace, China, India, Greece, and the Philippines each received \$300,000. — Associated Press.

INCORRECT

Nanking, Nov. 29. A Foreign Office spokesman said today that China gave Russia a stockpile of strategic materials in return for an old debt incurred during the early days of the Sino-Japanese war, were not correct.

He added that only a certain amount of ordinary commodities like tea-leaf was given Russia by China as a complete settlement of the debt long since.

The spokesman declined immediate comment on the Soviet complaint concerning the treatment and evacuation of railroad employees. — Associated Press.

"JANE"



BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES



No More Sleep for You, Mister!

BY EDGAR MARTIN



MEDICAL DEPARTMENT NOTICE

The following list of successful candidates in the recent examination for Sanitary Inspector held by the Hong Kong Branch of the Royal Signals Institute is published for information.

down. He admitted colliding with the hand cart and reverting the lorry before re-starting. He maintained that he did not see a woman in front of the lorry before colliding with the hand cart.

Mr. J. Reynolds, Crown prosecutor, Mr. B. Bernacchi, instructed by Mr. A. E. Arculli, represented Sadhu Singh.

CHINESE CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION NO. 1165

(Translation)

With reference to Customs Notification No. 1161, the Public are hereby notified that under Government instructions received through the Inspector General of Customs the following instructions contained in Customs Notification No. 1161 to the effect that goods actually en route from abroad on the 17th November 1946 may temporarily be passed by the Customs without production of Import Licences, are hereby rescinded, and that all goods not cleared through the Customs prior to the 26th November 1946 will not be permitted importation into China unless covered by Import Licences.

The jury, retired for 30 minutes to find Sadhu Singh not guilty of unlawfully killing a 59-year-old woman, Chan Mui, in Nathan Road on Sept. 30 as a result of an accident.

According to the Crown's allegation, the accused drove at between 40 and 45 m.p.h. and suddenly applied the lorry's brakes. Before it came to a standstill, the lorry skidded and turned more than the right angle, knocking down the woman and colliding with a hand cart. Sadhu Singh allegedly reversed the lorry and started off again. In doing so, Sadhu Singh allegedly drove it over the woman's body and killed her.

In his evidence, Sadhu Singh denied that he was driving at high speed and denied that he knew he had knocked the woman

The foregoing should be read in conjunction with Press Notification No. 1 issued by the Board for the Temporary Regulation of Imports in Shanghai which has been received and is being exhibited at this Office.

G. N. GAWLER, Commissioner of Chinese Customs, Kowloon and District, Kowloon Customs Office, Marina House, Hongkong, 29th Nov. 1946.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that an Interim Dividend of One Dollar per share and a Bonus of One Dollar per share has been declared payable as on the 16th December, 1946.

The Share Transfer Books will be closed from Monday, 3rd December, 1946 to Monday, 16th December, 1946 (inclusive) for the purpose of the preparation of Dividend Warrants.

Dividend Warrants will be issued at the Registered Office of the Company, 1st Floor, Exchange Building, Hong Kong, between 9.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. on Monday, 16th December, 1946.

By Order of the Board. A. W. BROWN, General Manager. Hongkong, 29th Nov. 1946.

TENDERS

Tenders are invited for continuous cutting of grass and undergrowth on Stonecutters Island.

Particulars of requirements can be obtained from N.A.S.O. R.A.A. Depot Stonecutters Island.

Sister HENRI, Head Mistress, French Convent School, Hongkong, 26th Nov. 1946. Telephone 31867.

Change of Telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from 27th November, 1946.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

General Managers

ADVISE

Change of telephone numbers as under.

31281 (3 lines)

Effective as from



Next Flight:

HONG KONG to MANILA

FARE Saturday, Nov. 30.... HK\$600.

HONG KONG to BANGKOK

Tuesday, Dec. 3.... HK\$700.

Baggage Allowance 55 lbs.

For Passage and Freight apply:
SOUTH EAST ASIA TRADING CO. (SIAM) Ltd.

69, Connaught Road West. Tel. 24292.

or **FAR EAST AVIATION CO., LTD.**
Top Floor, National City Bank of N.Y. Bldg. Tel. 27260.
(Entrance Duddell Street).**FAR EASTERN AIR TRANSPORT, INC.****FEATI**

MANILA, PHILIPPINES

HONG KONG

to
Manila-Shanghai-Bangkok-Cuttacca

by

C-54 "SKYMASTER" 4 ENGINED PLANEFARE: Hong Kong-Manila HK\$ 600.
Hong Kong-Shanghai HK\$ 550.
Hong Kong-Bangkok HK\$ 700.
Hong Kong-Cuttacca HK\$1160.

NEXT DEPARTURES:

HONGKONG-SHANGHAI Monday, 2nd Dec.

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO via Manila-Tuesday, 3rd Dec.

HONGKONG-MANILA Tuesday, 3rd Dec.

HONGKONG-BANGKOK Wednesday, 4th Dec.

Agents:

HONG KONG CANTON EXPORT CO., LTD.3rd floor, French Bank Building, Telephone No. 28600
Kowloon Office:
Peninsula Hotel A Arcade Tel. 58440.**FEATI**

MANILA, PHILIPPINES

Hong Kong to San Francisco

by

C-54 "SKYMASTER" 4 ENGINED PLANE

TUESDAY, 3rd December, 1946.

FARE: US\$850

Free Baggage Allowance: 30 kilos.

FREIGHT: US\$8.50 per kilo.

Agents:

HONG KONG CANTON EXPORT CO., LTD.3rd floor, French Bank Building, Telephone No. 28600
Kowloon Office:
Peninsula Hotel A Arcade Tel. 58440.**CHINA NATIONAL AVIATION CORP.**
Gloucester Building, Des Voeux Road, C.
Peninsula Arcade, Hankow Road, KowloonSCHEDULE:
MON: Hongkong-Manila
Hongkong-Canton-Hankow
Hongkong-Canton-Shanghai
Hongkong-Canton-Anony-Foochow-Shanghai
TUE: Hongkong-Canton-Hankow: Hongkong-Canton-Shanghai
WED: Hongkong-Canton-Shanghai
THURS: Hongkong-Canton-Anony-Foochow-Shanghai
FRI: Hongkong-Canton-Shanghai
SAT: Hongkong-Canton-Chungking
Hongkong-Canton-Shanghai

For Canton, Chungking, Kwei-lin, Anony, Haikow and many other points, advance reservation is not essential if a passenger cannot make it. Check with our Gloucester or Peninsula Office and you will be accommodated on the next outgoing plane. Definitely no formality. Complimentary lunch served aloft.

100 Per Cent VIRGIN WOOL SHETLAND MATERIAL

LATEST ARRIVAL FROM U.S.A.

Per s.s. "Scottish Prince"

At Very Reasonable Price.

Further particulars please apply:

TA HING CO. (Hong Kong) LTD.
St. George's Building, Ice House Street. Tel. 26540.**YAE SENG HONG**

IMPORTERS & EXPORTERS

desirous of keeping trade relations with foreign Manufacturers and any other reliable firms.

one s.s. "D. V. V. R.", 2nd T., 22, Son Ping Lee Wharf Rd. E.
Tel. 2402-2403, P.O. Box 122, Tel. 62981, Cable Add. 7228
HONG KONG. SHANGHAI

THE CHINA MAIL, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1946.

London Sees German Naval Secrets

Managing Editor: W. J. Keates

Telephones:

Editor 24354

Reporters & General Office 32312

(four lines)

Subscription Rates:

3 months HK\$18.00

6 months HK\$36.00

One year HK\$72.00

I take my bowler hat off to the men of the Minesweeping Service.

Over 25,000 of them constantly risked their lives in one of the most hazardous, yet unspectacular and least publicized tasks of World War II.

For six years their lot was one of hard living and continual vigilance in stormy seas in all climates, and they bore at all times the strain of unseen danger. And their job didn't

order to produce an explosion.

During the uneasy years of peace, both sides evolved some effective machinery to increase the range of detection. And at the same time, other groups of scientists developed other types of mines which were even more subtle than those employed in 1914-18 and would be harder to sweep.

The Admiralty exhibition shows these fairly recent refinements—the finished products, the interior mechanism, and models showing how they work. The prize exhibit is the first German parachute—magnetic mine to be recovered complete in Britain.

This was the weapon on which Hitler had relied way back in 1939 to destroy the British merchant fleet. It had been invented eight years previously and since then the cleverest German brains had failed to find the antidote. It did considerable damage in the early months of the war, and it certainly looked as if merchant traffic would be paralysed unless the remedy could be found quickly. The men in the sweepers did all they could, but they were powerless against this weapon new to their experience.

And then this wicked-looking

1,200 lbs. of mischief with spokes all over it dropped on the sands at Shoeburyness, Essex on the night of 22nd November, 1939; volunteer specialist officers from H.M.S. Vernon, the Torpedo and Mining School, rendered it safe within 12 hours; in another dozen hours it had been stripped and the secrets of the magnetic mine were placed before Mr. Churchill, then First Lord of the Admiralty. Soon after the antidote was discovered. A new sweep was evolved, its principle being to create a magnetic field which would activate the needle of the mine, and the sweepers again began to achieve most satisfactory results. For ship's direct protection, the Royal Navy produced the "de-gaussing girdle," named ironically enough after a German scientist; a simple but effective device which was fitted to vessels of all sizes.

By 1945, the British Degaussing Organisation was responsible for minimising the danger from magnetic mines in respect of some 18,000 vessels. The maintenance of these ships in a satisfactory condition involved the magnetic measurement of some 500 ships a day, and at one time, 1,200 miles of wire cable were being used weekly to fit the vessels.

After the magnetic mine came fresh engines of destruction: the antenna, electrochemical, acoustic and oyster

(Continued at foot of next Col.)

GREECE

The march of events in Greece is not to be viewed with anything but profound disquiet. It is not merely a question of the disturbing incidents along the borders of Albania and Yugoslavia, and the guerrilla campaign. On the contrary, there is no getting away from the fact that the present regime is one of reaction and suppression, and that the speediest method of controlling the situation in Macedonia is probably the formation of a government more widely acceptable throughout the country. Yet the Tsaldaris Government exercises its power in the presence of a British Army and when British economic influence is very considerable. The British military forces do not interfere in any way in the country's internal politics. Their presence there, however, does make it possible (by warning of their possible early removal) to influence the Government in the direction of the formation of a coalition government. Mr. Tsaldaris is reported to be making efforts to broaden his Government by the inclusion of moderate Liberal and Socialist elements. So far he has not been conspicuously successful. It is becoming increasingly clear that only the formation of a coalition Government, representative of all parties—including the Communists—will avert the early tragedy of another civil war. If British influence means anything at all, it should be exercised positively towards this end. To let things drift as they are doing now can lead only to disaster.

It makes no pretence of being complete. Some material which has not been compromised by use against the enemy is not on view, and anyway there were so many varieties of mines and so many activation systems—for instance we

used no fewer than a hundred different firing circuits—that it was impossible to accommodate them all.

But there is more than enough on view to convince the least mechanically-minded and impressionable, such as your London correspondent, of the tremendous skill and regrettable ingenuity which were devoted to perfecting the submarine mine, and of the diabolical threat to shipping that it represents.

During World War I mines almost without exception, had to be struck by the target in

itself. After the magnetic mine came fresh engines of destruction: the antenna, electrochemical, acoustic and oyster

(Continued at foot of next Col.)

for a firing squad in the Luxembourg gardens. On December 7, 1815, after Napoleon's final defeat at Waterloo and his banishment to St. Helena.

But Peter Stewart Ney, the Caroline schoolmaster, insisted on his deathbed that he was the French Marshal. He had escaped the firing squad by a complicated ruse, made his way to the United States, to wander the young nation's frontier and finally sought refuge in teaching. It was a story at which he had often hinted during his lifetime when liquor had loosened his tongue.

Time has only defended the enigma of his death. Books have been written in support of his story. Other books have renounced his claims. Carrolls interest in unravelling the twisted threads of the Ney mystery have formed a new memorial association and there is a continuing search for further indisputable evidence.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had been captured by the British and sent to St. Helena where he had remained until his release in 1815. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

Recently I was driving through the northern part of New York State and stopped for lunch at a small restaurant in Garfield, New Jersey. There I met a man who claimed to be the Emperor of Brazil. He said he had been a general in the Napoleonic Wars and had fought at Waterloo. He said he had then traveled to America and had settled in New Jersey.

Marshal Ney, or Peter Stewart Ney, supposedly landed in Charleston, South Carolina, in January 1816. From there he is believed to have gone to Indiana where he spent three years trapping animals and studying Greek, Latin and mathematics in preparation for his new profession.

The Ney supporters in North Carolina base much of their claims on polarized statements by their former pupils handed down through generations of relatives.

Other affidavits say that the great French Marshal and dashing cavalryman was recognized by French refugees on shipboard between Bordeaux and Charleston and the United States.

MOLOTOV WANTS ARMS CONTROL

Worldwide System Of Inspection Urged

Another Jewel Robbery

London, Nov. 28. While Rose, Marchioness of Headfort—former Gaiety girl Rose Boot—was asleep early today in her home in London, a thief entered her bedroom, stole a quantity of jewellery and escaped without disturbing her.

Both the Marchioness and a woman companion in the next room woke shortly afterwards and discovered that a thief had entered the house through a ground floor window. He had cut the telephone wire. The stolen jewellery, valued at £1,000, included presents to the Marchioness from her husband, who died in 1943.—Reuters.

HONG KONG SERVICES RACE CLUB THE FINAL MEETING

PROCEEDS TO CHARITIES

will be held at

HAPPY VALLEY RACE COURSE
ON SUNDAY, 1st DECEMBER

FIRST SADDLING BELL 2.00 P.M.
FIRST RACE STARTS AT 2.30 P.M.

(Attention is drawn to the alteration of times)

The Programme will include --

1st Race—THE ROYAL AIR FORCE CUP

2nd Race—THE ARMY CUP

3rd Race—THE UNITED SERVICES CUP

4th Race—THE GOVERNOR'S CUP

5th Race—THE ROYAL NAVAL CUP

CASH SWEEPS The usual "Through" numbers (\$10) may be obtained at the Office of the Hong Kong Jockey Club, Exchange Building, First floor.

TOTAL DOUBLE on the 2nd and 4th Races.

ENTRANCE—(Public Enclosure \$1.00 including Tax
(Members Enclosure \$1.00)

LUNCH A limited number of lunches for Members of the Hong Kong Jockey Club will be available in the Coffee Room. Tables should be booked in advance with the No. 1 Box at the Club House, Happy Valley. Tel. 2821.

There are a limited number of Boxes available, for which application should be made to the Clerk of the Course (Lt.-Col. J. R. Edgar, M.B.E., H.Q., R.E.M.E., Land Forces) enclosing a remittance for \$25. Tickets cannot be issued until payment is received.

Major H. M. R. HODGMAN,
Hon. Secretary, H.K.S.R.C.

BY COURTESY OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Your teeth
will be
White and
Sparkling

IF YOU USE

IPANA
TOOTH
PASTE

Look for all leading Distributors and
manufactured by British-Irish Co., Ltd.
124, 222 Pacific Highway, Sydney,
New South Wales, Australia.



SOVIETS PULLING OUT

Berlin, Nov. 28.

Reports of large-scale withdrawals by Soviet troops from the Soviet occupied zone of Germany were confirmed by a Soviet source here today. Large contingents are moving out in the course of demobilisation, a senior Soviet officer said.

Travellers arriving in Berlin from the Russian zone said the withdrawals began last Friday. A reliable informant spoke of the movement of six divisions and brigades "mainly from Thuringia and Saxony." The withdrawals appear to be principally of infantry and there are no reports of movements by Soviet Air Force personnel.—Reuters.

Declaring that an armament race has begun, Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov today followed up his proposal to ban warlike use of atomic energy by proposing a system of worldwide inspection. Britain, represented by Sir Hartley Shawcross, warmly welcomed the Soviet proposals.

Canada and Australia also welcomed the Soviet proposal, but said they would move amendments to strengthen it. Speaking in the resumed debate in the Political Committee of the United Nations General Assembly on the Soviet disarmament proposals, Mr. Molotov submitted a supplementary proposal for two commissions of inspection to ensure that disarmament decisions of the United Nations Security Council would be carried out.

Firstly, a commission to check the carrying out of the Council's decision on a reduction of armaments. Secondly, a commission to check the carrying out of a decision on the proposal to ban military use of atomic energy. Mr. Parodi, of France, chairman of the existing Atomic Energy Commission, urged that the commission should be allowed to continue its work on the same basis as it began.

Calling upon the United Nations to "put an end to the armament race which has begun," M. Molotov declared: "The second World War ought to convince us that it is necessary to take now grave measures in order to avoid another similar war."

Pledging Britain's support for a general reduction of armaments, Sir Hartley Shawcross said that disarmament efforts between the two wars had failed for lack of an effective system of inspection and control.

"Disarmament and collective security go hand in hand," he said. "We cannot embark on one without at the same time establishing the other."

When today's debate on troops in foreign territory was resumed, Britain and the United States requested the Egyptian delegate to withdraw his amendment urging the withdrawal of foreign troops from United Nations member territories.

Supplement

Following the return to Britain yesterday of Mr. Noel Baker, Sir Hartley Shawcross, Attorney-General, is now leading the British delegation on the committee.

When the question of disarmament arose, M. Molotov submitted a supplement to the original Soviet proposal reading:

"To ensure adoption of measures for a reduction of armaments and prohibition of the use of atomic energy for military purposes, there shall be established within the framework of the Security Council, for special provision which would provide for establishment of special organs of inspection, for which purpose there shall be formed: Firstly, a commission for the control of execution of any decision regarding reduction of armaments.

Secondly, a commission for the control of any decision regarding prohibition of the use of atomic energy for military purposes."

M. Molotov, recalling the Soviet Government's proposal to outlaw atomic weapons, declared: "It is not difficult to imagine how more grave and how greater the victims of the last war would have been if the convention prohibiting the use of poison gas and bacteriological warfare had not been arrived at."

"If it is right, as regards poison gas, it is more right to prohibit the utilisation of atomic energy in war. Any refusal to arrive at a convention to prohibit the use of atomic energy in warfare is contradiction of the strivings and conscience of the peoples of the world."

"When we speak of a reduction of armaments and the prohibition of the use of atomic weapons, we must fully realise the importance of this task. This matter must be looked into in detail."

The Soviet delegate asserted that the work of the U.N.O. on the problem of general reduction of armaments will be followed by people throughout the world with the greatest interest and urged the Security Council must take up the matter in the immediate future.

M. Parodi, of France, declared it was absolutely certain that in a general disarmament plan could not be considered at this time if the atomic weapon question was not made part of it.

Canada and Australia welcomed the Soviet proposal, but said they would move amendments to strengthen it.

FORGED POUNDS CIRCULATING

Washington, Nov. 28. Counterfeit British currency is circulating in Switzerland, according to a warning issued to the public by the Attorney-General.

Notes of £10, £20 and £50 sterling were brought to Switzerland in the spring of 1945 by Hungarian refugee, who acquired them in good faith in Budapest, the Attorney-General's office said. The Hungarian sold most of the notes to a Basle merchant, who put them into circulation.—Associated Press.

world, "is most anxious to ensure quickly a large and progressive measure of armament limitations, but we are unwilling to disarm unilaterally."

"We are not prepared to reduce our army to negligible proportions if other powers retain vast forces which they can dispose."

"This time we must have an effective system of collective security, the operation of which cannot be prevented or obstructed by an aggressor state, and which will be able to go to the aid of any state which may be subject of unjust attack."

"Disarmament and collective security go hand in hand. We cannot embark on one without at the same time establishing the other. There must be adequate and certain means of ensuring that nations are in fact disarming and that the limitations proposed, or prohibitions adopted, are in fact being carried out and made effective by each particular state."

"It is no use cutting down military and air forces if at the same time civilian forces are maintained in such way that they can instantly be turned to military uses."

"It is no use saying there are no vast stocks of rocket bombs available if a nation is able to turn out rockets in large number at a moment's notice. We must have control and inspection of weapons and potential."

Open All Doors

"What use is it to furnish figures, supply information, agree to cut down particular forces, and to undertake not to use a particular form of weapon if that is all that is done? We had experience of that in those bitter years between two wars."

"But the nations at that time did nothing effective for enforcement of that which they had provided in their treaties and resolutions."

Not Unilateral Disarmament

Britain who, for the first time, was compelled to introduce conscription in peace-time because of the maintenance of vast and ever increasing forces in other parts of the

specification and for limitation of armaments.

"In that way, and in that way only, can these proposals be left outside the realm of propaganda and suspicion and hold out any hope for the future of the world."

The committee adjourned till tomorrow.—Reuters.

BRITISH PROPOSAL ON TROOPS PASSED

Lake Success, N.Y., Nov. 28.

Passage of the British resolution settling the "troops" census controversy by the United Nations General Assembly was assured today when the Assembly's Political and Security Council passed it by more than a two-thirds majority.

The British proposal—that all members of the United Nations should report on all their troops at home and abroad by December 15—was adopted by the Committee by 34 to seven, with four abstentions.

This was regarded here as an important achievement by the British delegation, which had taken the lead throughout in insisting that the original Russian proposal for a census of United Nations troops abroad should be extended to include those at home as well.

The gains were summed up in informed circles here thus:—

1. The committee removed the "slur" contained in the original Russian resolution—the implication that a census was necessary to allay political uneasiness caused by the presence of Allied troops on territories of other members of the United Nations.

2. The committee insisted that the survey should be conducted for the purpose of contributing to a general reduction of armaments and, not as a means of allying alleged uneasiness in countries in which troops are stationed.

3. By including troops in enemy territories, troops at home and troops in Allied territory, the census will be the most complete survey of world military strength ever made.

Although the British proposal

Ukraine Accuses Britain

Lake Success, N.Y.

Nov. 28.

Britain was accused by Ukraine in the United Nations today of harbouring a division of 120,000 Quisling Ukrainians in northern Italy.

The allegation was made at a meeting of the Social Committee during today's debate on the International Refugee Organisation.

The Ukrainian delegate, M. Lev Medved, alleged that the "Pellura" division had been subsidised by the British Command at Cesenatico, near Rimini. He declared: "I shall go on talking till all war criminals are caught and no longer enjoy the protection of Britain."

Mr. Frank, Beswick, of Britain, said the Social Committee was not the place to discuss such matters. Mrs. Roosevelt, supporting the British delegate, said war criminals were already covered in the draft constitution of the International Refugees Organisation, and there was no need for the new Soviet amendment.

By 22 votes to nine the committee defeated the Soviet amendment proposing that all military units which helped Hitler and all persons hostile to home Governments be excluded from International Refugee Organisation help.

The committee adjourned until tomorrow.—Reuters.

COSMETICS

PERFUMES

OBTAINABLE AT
ALL LEADING STORES.

L. RONDON & CO.

French Bank Bldg.
Tel: 34107

MADE IN ENGLAND

NEW PRESENTATION IN FASCINATING PLASTIC CASE OF DIGNITY & CHARM

LIPSTICK

AVAILABLE AT ALL LEADING STORES
Wholesale Distributors: THE ARGOSY, Gloucester Arcade

Sell in Canada

We are interested purchasing in quantity all sorts of textile materials by the yard, also luncheon sets, bridge sets, table sets, tea sets with napkins, face towels, bedspreads, tablecloths, pillow cases, bed sheets either for immediate or future delivery. Would also consider exclusive sales agency for Canada. We have facilities to give 100% representation in Canada, on a Commission basis, to additional responsible manufacturers. Submit sample price list and delivery dates in first mail with full details.

Empire Export Company

Empire Life Bldg.
1434 St. Catherine St. West
Montreal 25, Que., Can.

Cable Address
"EMPEXPORT"

THE 'RIGHT' SPIRIT FOR ANY CELEBRATION ASK 'EM



BELLET BRANDY

★ ★ ★

OBTAIABLE EVERYWHERE

SPECIAL PRICE

\$12⁵⁰

DISTRIBUTORS—

H. RUTTONJEE & SON LTD.

DINA HOUSE

SHOWING TO-DAY At 2.30; 5.15;
7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

QUEEN'S



SPRINGTIME IN THE ROCKIES

CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD - EDWARD EVERETT HORTON
Directed by LEWIS CUMMING - Produced by WILLIAM LARSON
Screen Story by Walter Baldwin - Adaptation by Arthur Tracy

20c
BY POPULAR REQUEST
Extra Performance To-Morrow at 11.30 A.M.
"APPOINTMENT IN TOKYO"
(ONE SHOW ONLY).

SHOWING TO-DAY At 2.30, 5.10,
7.15, & 9.15 p.m.

KINGS

EAGLE-LION PRESENTS

REX HARRISON in

'THE RAKE'S PROGRESS'

With LILLI PALMER * JEAN KENT
GRIFFITH JONES
MARGARET JOHNSTON * MARIE LOUR
GARRY MARSH

NEXT CHANGE IN "KEEP 'EM FLYING".
A Universal Picture

ICE THEATRE

TOWN BOOKING OFFICE
W. BAKING & CO., ALEXANDRA RD., GR. FL.
BETWEEN 11.00 A.M. AND 5.00 P.M. DAILY

Special Performance On Sunday At 12.00 Noon
NELSON EDDY * JEANETTE MACDONALD
IN

"BITTER SWEET"

(IN TECHNICOLOR)

SHOWING TODAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

Something new in gay mystery!

A Night To Remember

CO-STARRING LORETTA YOUNG & BRIAN AHERNE

(Miss) Jeff Donnell William Wright Sidney Toler Gale Sondergaard Blanche Yurka
Screen play by Richard H. Kern and Edna Hymer Directed by RICHARD WALLACE A COLUMBIA PICTURES

CENTRAL & ALHAMBRA

DAILY AT 2.30 5.15 & 9.15 P.M. DAILY AT 2.30 5.20 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

— TO-DAY ONLY —

THE DEAD STOLEN THE LIVING SLAIN

To get bodies for dissection

The most daring shock sensation ever brought to the screen since the facts of years ago!

Boris KARLOFF Robert Louis Stevenson's

THE BODY SNATCHER BEA LUGOSI

HENRY DANIELL EDITH ATWATER RUSSELL WOOD SHARON MOFFETT

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

Gail Russell starting Diana Lynn

Directed by LEWIS ALLEN Screen Story by Stephen Green

COMMENCING TO-MORROW —

The 20,000,000 READER NOVEL Brought Screamingly To The Screen.

PARACOUNT presents

OUR HEARTS WERE YOUNG AND GAY

DE LA RAMA LINES

EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES
TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS

VESSEL	DUE	SAILING FOR
M.V. "BENARES"	14th Dec.	San Francisco & Los Angeles
M.V. "DONA ANICETA"	15th Dec.	Atlantic Coast via Honolulu
M.V. "BALI"	15th Jan.	Pacific & Atlantic Coasts

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO. INC.
Pedder Building Chinese Shipping Office
TEL: 23676 Tel. 23738/20158

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

L. CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
Telephones: 30351-8 Private Exchange.

Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

ANHUI Amoy, Swatow, Saigon, Singapore & Penang
7 a.m. 1st Dec.
SINKIANG Amoy & Shanghai 7 a.m. 4th Dec.
FOOCHEW Singapore, Batavia & Macassar 2 p.m. 4th Dec.
HANYANG Shanghai 4 p.m. 8th Dec.

ARRIVALS FROM

FOOCHEW Shanghai 1st Dec.
HUPER Tientsin, Tsingtao Foochow & Swatow 5th Dec.
POYANG Bangkok 8th Dec.

CANTON RIVER LINE

FATSHAN Arrives 1.30 p.m. 2nd Dec.
Sails 3 a.m. 4th Dec.
Arrives 3.30 p.m. 6th Dec.
Sails 8 a.m. 8th Dec.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U. K. SERVICE

Arriving	From
5th Dec.	U.K. via Straits
4th Dec.	—do—

U.K. via Straits

—do—

For

10th Dec.

L'pool via Straits

NEW YORK SERVICE

Arriving	From
Mid Dec.	New York

Mid Dec.

Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Arriving

Arriving	From
2nd Dec.	Australia via Kure
4th Dec.	Australia via Straits
14th Dec.	Australia

Australia via Kure

Australia via Straits

—do—

For

5th Dec.

Sydney

Sydney, Melbourne

Sailing	For
21st Dec.	Sydney

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.
For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

S.S. "HAIYANG"

Sailing for Swatow and Foochow

On or about 5th December

Subject to alteration without Notice.

For Particulars of Freight & Passage, Please apply to:

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.

General Managers.

P. & O. Building, 5th floor. Tel. 23755.

or

CHINESE SHIPPING DEPT.

20 Connaught Road, Central. Tel. 31281.

BEN LINE STEAMERS LTD.

SAILINGS TO U.K. via PORTS

(Freight Only)

Late Dec.

ARRIVALS

1st half Jan.

S.S. "TREWORLAS" (Ben Line Berth) on or about 7th Dec.

S.S. "EMPIRE RAJA" (Ben Line Berth) 10th Dec.

S.S. "BENVOY" 10th Dec.

S.S. "BENEDI" Late Dec.

For Further Particulars, Apply To —

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Agents:

York Building. Telephone: 34165.

S.S. "QUANZA"

of the Companhia Nacional de Navegacao (Portugal)

due 30th November

loading 1st, sailing 3rd December

from Hong Kong to Lisbon via Singapore, Colombo, Cochim, Mormugao, Port Said and Alexandria.

Only accepts cargo to Mormugao & Lisbon

For information apply to:

H. NOLASCO & CO., LTD.

Stock Exchange Building, 8th floor.

Telephones: 20164, 20151.

JAPS COMING BACK TO THE MARKETS

London Exchanges

London, Nov. 28.

The President of the Board of Trade's warning on the British trade position yesterday resulted in some easiness in several sections of the Stock Exchange today.

Declines, however, were mainly due to marking down rather than actual selling pressure. Business was on a small scale throughout. Several leading industrialists said a few pence.

Home and foreign railways both closed better on the day. Railcars met some local and Cape support and closed cars. Among foreigners, Chinese bonds were inclined to prominence, rising up to one point on some speculative buying.

Central American Railways, Mexico 12/4%, 1948, Bogota 7.00, 1948, Caracas, 3 1/4%, 1948, New War Loan, 5%, 1948, 1949, Victory Bonds, 4%, 1924, Saving Bonds, 3%, 1953/55, 1953/56, Saving Bonds, 3%, 1953/57, German Loans, 7%, (1948), Japanese Bonds, 5% 1937, 1947, Canton-Kowloon Railway 24, 1948, Peking-Tientsin-Pukow Railway, 6%, 25, Lung-Tung U. Rail Rly, 6%, 1948, London, 5%, 1948, 1949, London (London) 5%, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, Hukouku Railway, 6%, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, Huanan Railway, 5%, 1948, Shanghai-Nanking Bank of India, 22%, Chartered Bank, 1%, A. & C. 11-11/16, H.K. & Shanghai Bank Corp., 87, Lyndhurst Estates, 51/2, South Africa Townships 24%, Selection 1/2, 24/10/44, South Africa Turbines 1/2, Canadian Pacific 17%, Mexican Estates 10/12%, Reuter.

London, Nov. 28.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

SHIPPING DEPARTMENT
16 Pedder Street
Tel. 30311.

General Managers,

INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS

to Shanghai 5th Dec.

to Straits & Calcutta 12th Dec.

ARRIVALS

from Shanghai 1st Dec.

from Calcutta & Straits a.m. 4th Dec.

from Bombay 5th Dec.

IN PORT

alongside Cosmo Dock

Subject to alteration without notice.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

Agents: GLEN LINE LTD.

J.V. "GLENSTRAE" Taikoo Dock

M.V. "GLENAPP" Antwerp Amsterdam-Mid. Dec.

S.S. "EDWARD BRUCE" due from U.K.—Early Dec.

Managing Agents:

AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE

M.V. KAFIRISTAN due from Australia 15th Dec.

M.V. DAGHESTAN due from Australia 21st Dec.

Agents: THE WESTERN CANADA STEAMSHIPS LTD.

S.S. "LAKE ATLIN" due from Vancouver 11th Dec.

Agents: MANILA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.

T.S.S. "MAYON" Accepts Cargo and Passengers for Manila

now loading Buoy B3. Sailing 1st Dec.

Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Co.

SHIP

FROM

"SAMLLAMU" Discharging 30th November

"GLENIFFER" 3rd December

"BENALDER" 4th December

"TREVAYLOR" 5th December

"TINGSANG" 6th December

"ARUNDEL CASTLE" 6th December

"TEEVEAN" December

LOADS FOR

"TREVAYLOR" Shanghai

"ARUNDEL CASTLE" U.K.

(Passenger only).

"TREVAYLOR" Straits & U.K.

*Accepts cargo for London, Antwerp, and Rotterdam.

READY

8th December

End December

Port on through Hills of Lading.

For full particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Telephone Nos. 27721-4

MAERSK LINE

M.S. "TREIN MAERSK"

Due from New York & Atlantic Ports 8th December

M.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK"

Landing for New York, Atlantic Ports, Los Angeles & Panama mid-December

For Freight and Particulars please apply to

JEBSEN & CO.

Agents

Pedder Building, 7th floor,

(Shipping Department Tel. No. 22852)

SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

OUTWARD

discharging Hong Kong 30th November

discharging Hong Kong 14th December

discharging Hong Kong 15th December

discharging Hong Kong Mid. Jan.

<p

HONG KONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1946.

Paratroops Retake Airfield

Hanoi, Nov. 27.—Haiphong reports said today 500 French paratroop troops, protected by fighter planes, had recaptured the Haiphong airfield from the Vietnamese in a joint air and armour assault.

The reports said the French completed mapping up portions in the city's Chinatown with the exception of a few scattered snipers.

Surmising groups of French and Viet Nam troops are still active in the province of Tonkin in northern French Indo-China.

Hanoi itself is said to be still free of fighting, but the atmosphere is tense and expectant as supporters of both sides follow reports of fighting in Langson, 50 miles to the north, and Haiphong, 50 miles to the east.

Meanwhile the exodus of civilians continues into the countryside.

The French are in control of the situation in Langson, and have resumed the exhumation of the bodies of French and Viet Nam victims of alleged Japanese massacres.

The correspondent said that French officials at Hanoi have denied Viet Nam press statement that French aircraft had machine-gunned civilians evading Haiphong and that machine-gun posts had been set up in a church steeple and the Chinese consulate.—Associated Press and Reuter.

Troops Walk Off Transport

Batavia, Nov. 28.—Protesting against conditions on board, 170 British non-commissioned officers and other ranks walked off the British-Indian troopship evacuating them from Java, at Tandjung Pruk, the port of Batavia, the Netherlands New Agency reported.

They returned after a British officer had ordered improvements and the ship was due to sail to Singapore today.

The incident occurred yesterday when 200 men of the 17th Field Regiment, Royal Artillery, went on board the s.s. "Ekku" and found what they described as "Indian troop accommodation."

They complained of these conditions and of the fact that no meal was available.—Reuter.

FASCIST GIRLS ARRESTED

London, Nov. 28.—The arrest of 22 persons, among them several girls, held responsible for Fascist activities in Venice—including the throwing of bombs at the offices of the Democratic organisations—was reported by the Rome Radio today.—Reuter.

The latest issue of

"TIME"

DATED NOVEMBER 18, 1946.

is

ON SALE TO-DAY

At All Leading Booksellers.

Price: \$1.00 per copy

Wholesale Distributing Agents:

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.

Windsor House

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper Enterprise Limited" by WALTER JAMES KIRKETT, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

100,000 copies

Printed and published for the proprietors "The Newspaper